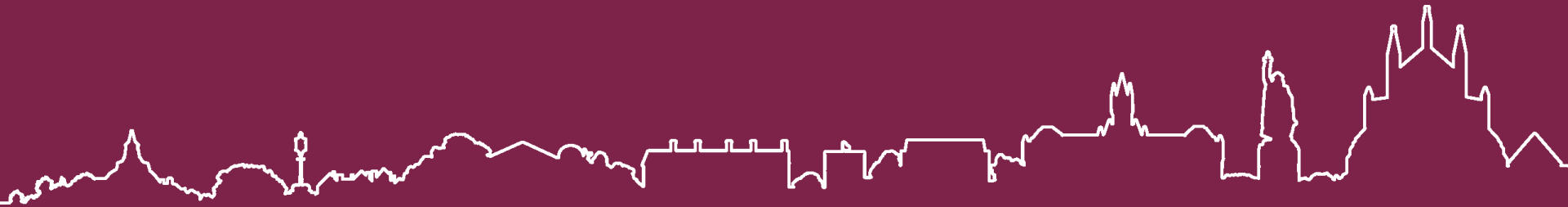


# CENTRAL WINCHESTER REGENERATION

Archaeology Day

6<sup>th</sup> October 2021



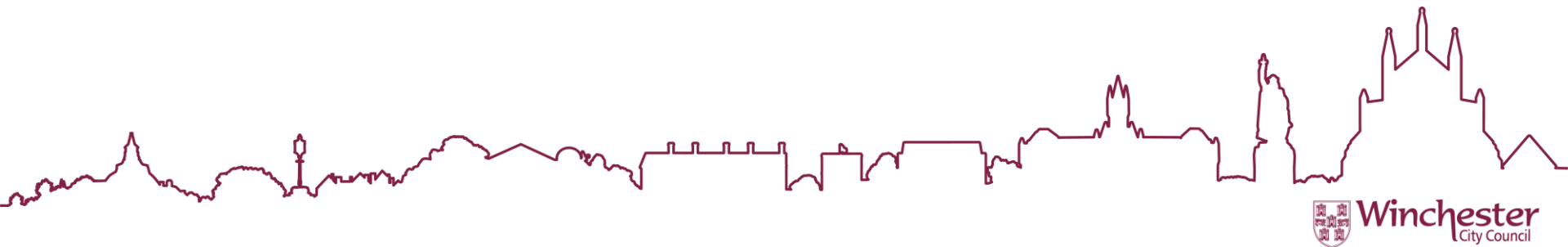
# AGENDA

 Introduction

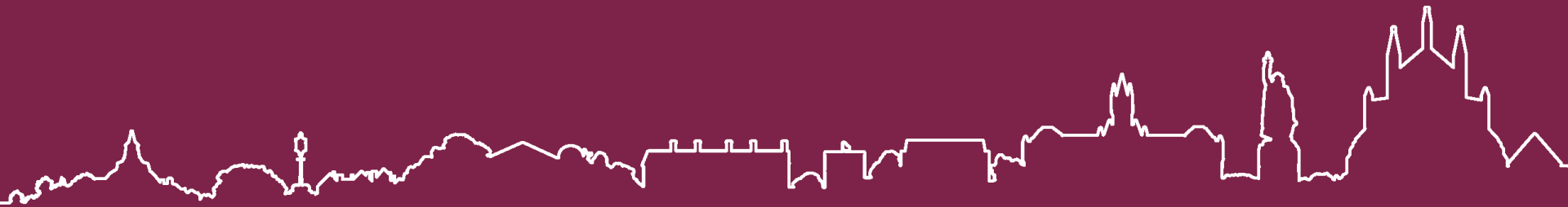
 Update on findings

 Q&A

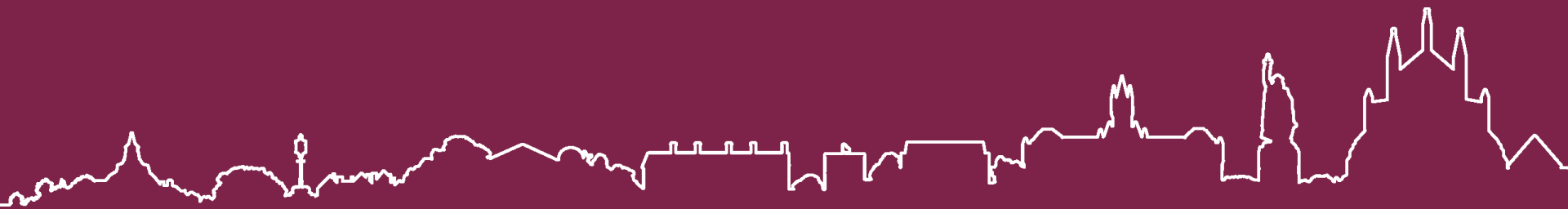
 Close



# Introduction



# UPDATE

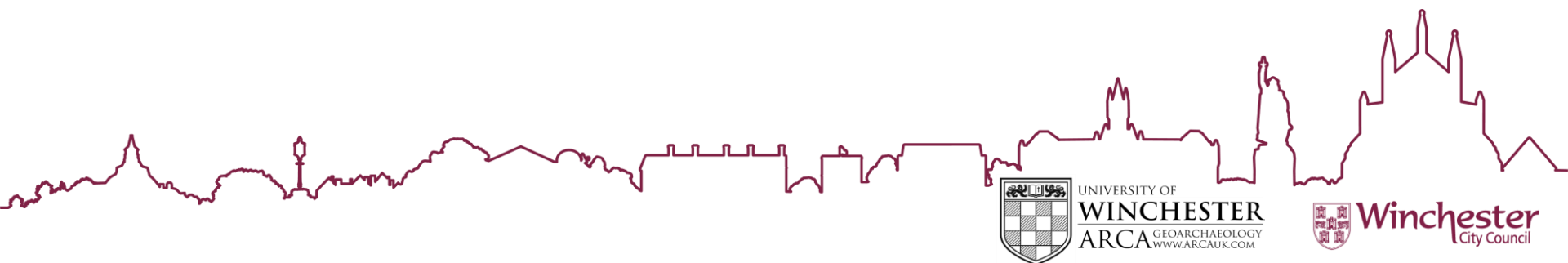


# The geoarchaeology of the Central Winchester Redevelopment site: September 2020–September 2021

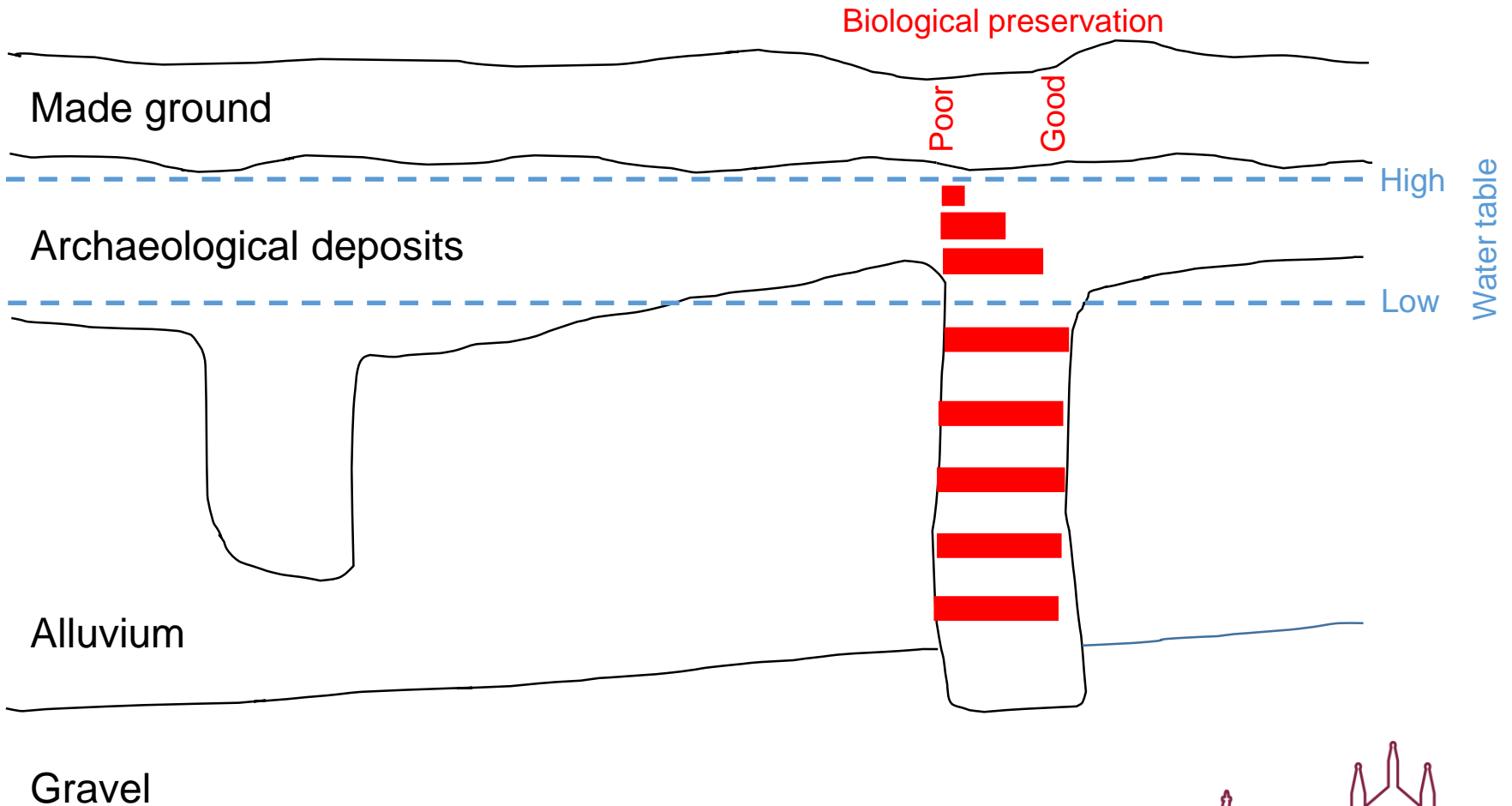
Prof Keith Wilkinson  
ARCA geoarchaeology  
University of Winchester

# AIMS OF THE GEOARCHAEOLOGICAL STUDY

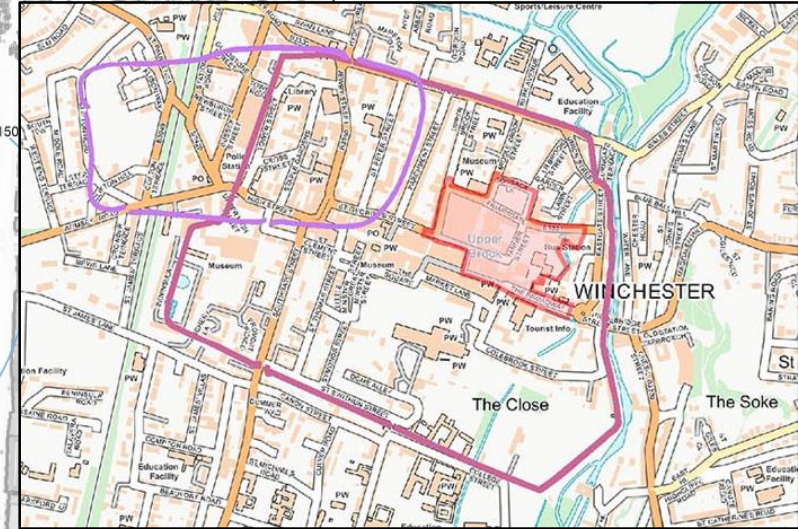
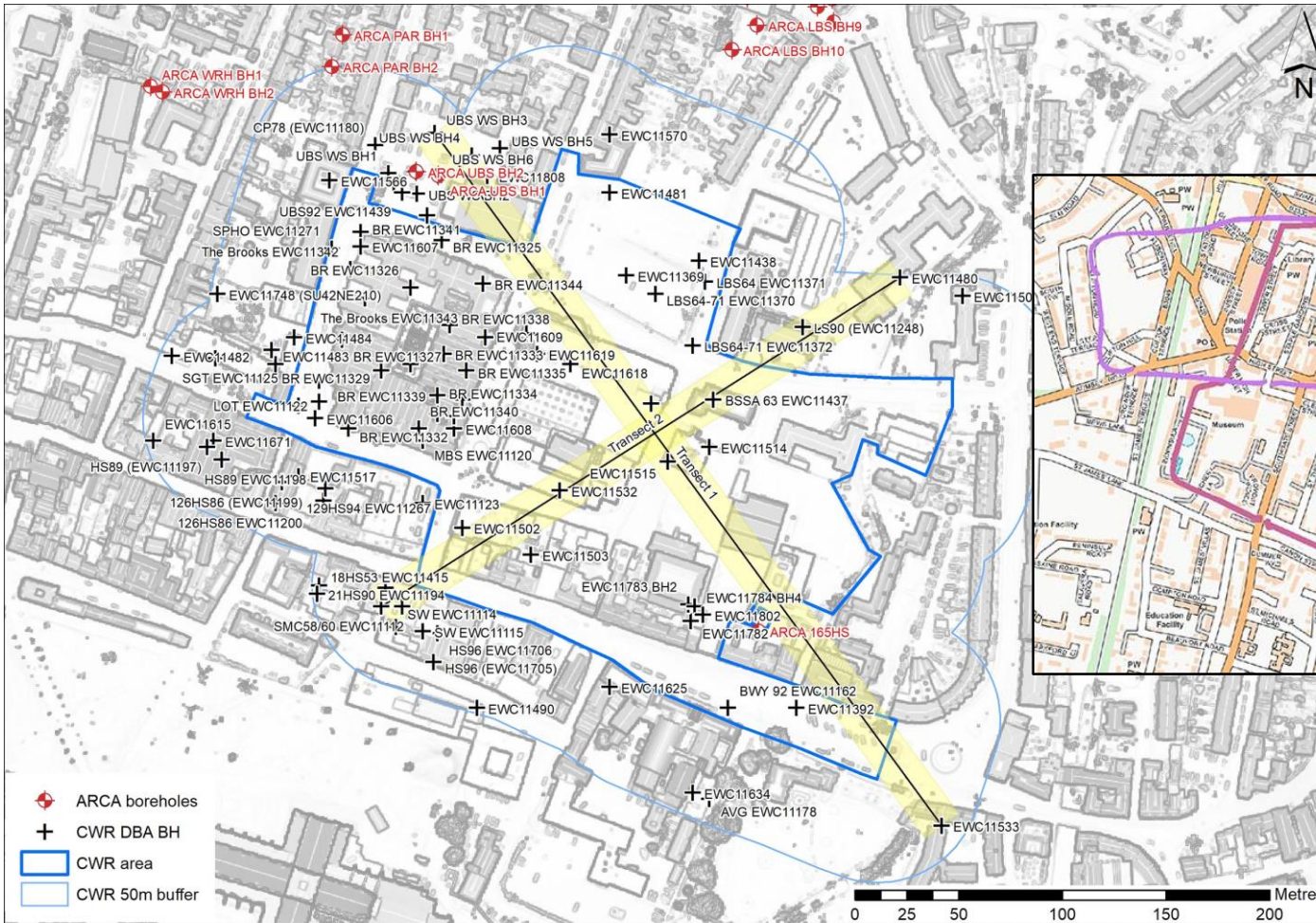
- Reconstruct the stratigraphic sequence underlying the CWR site;
- Determine the hydrological context of the site;
- Assess biological preservation in the deposits;
- Provide baseline information on the nature of biological preservation and the hydrological environment of the site.



# HYDROLOGY AND PRESERVATION

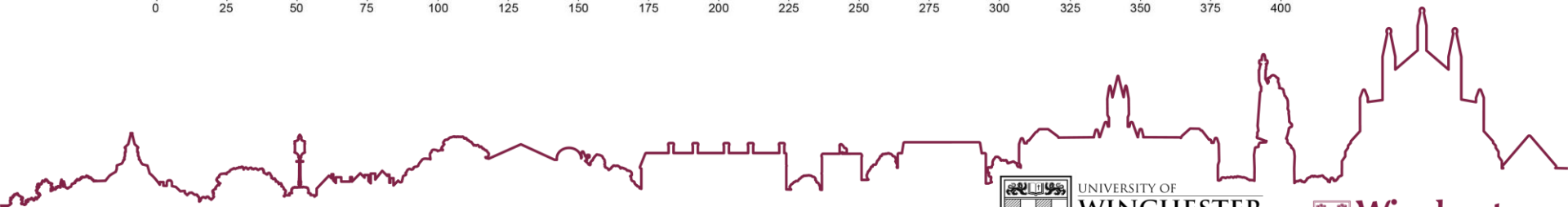
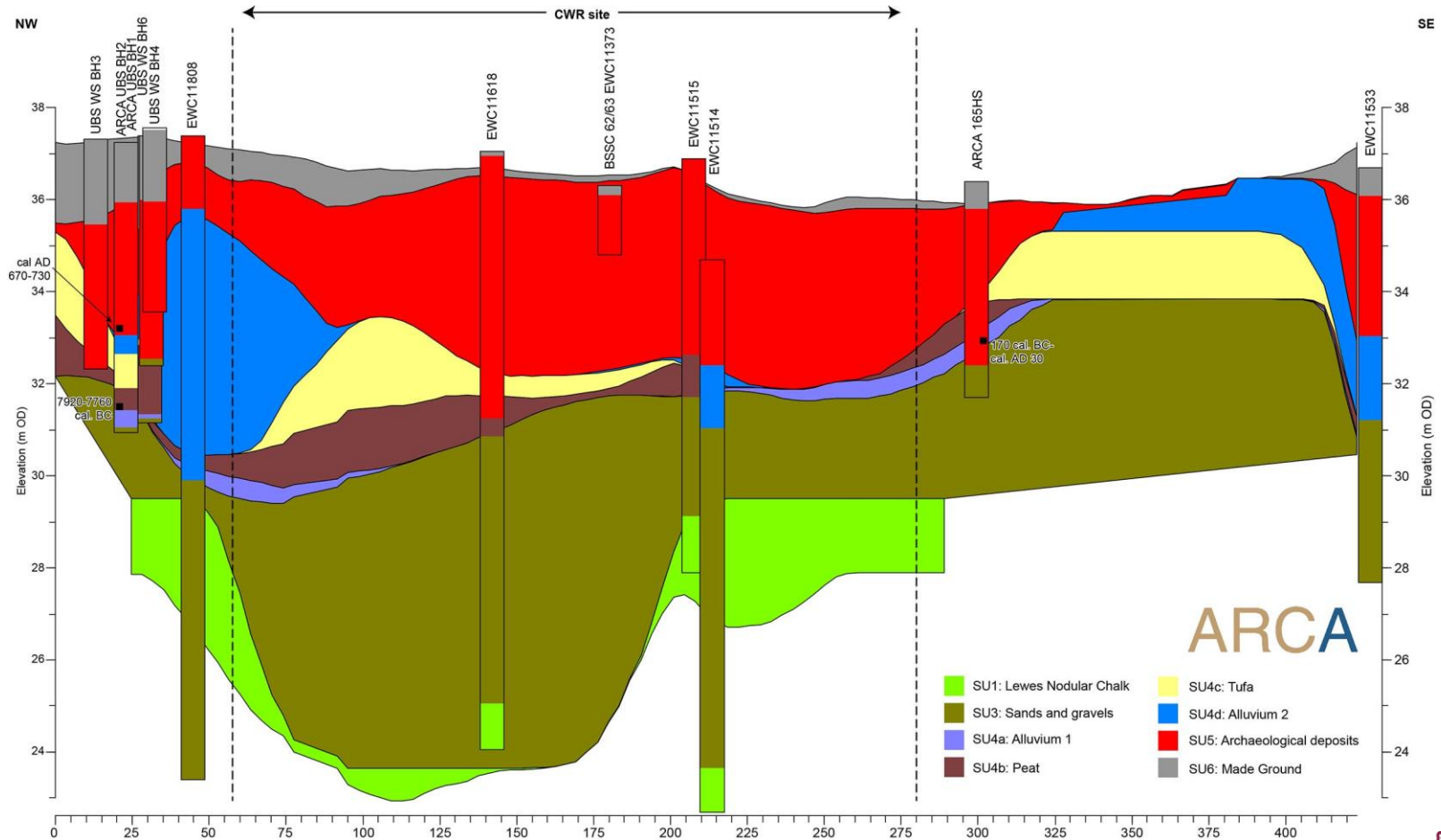


# DESK-BASED RESEARCH: SUMMER 2020

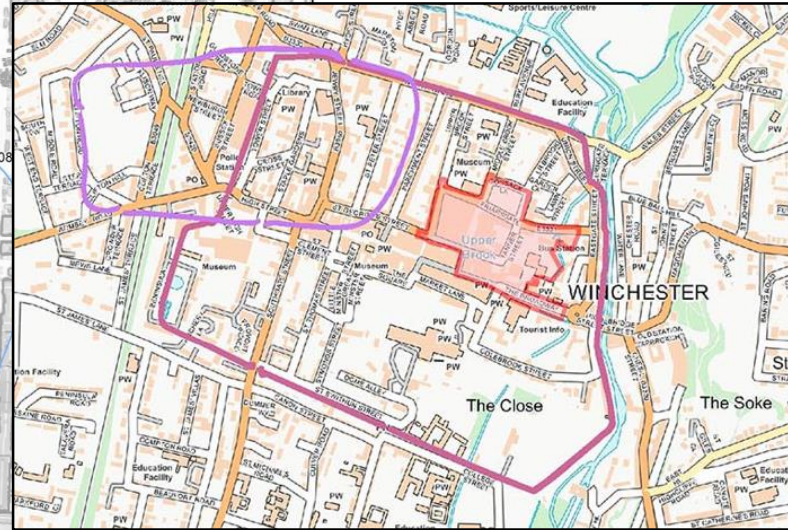
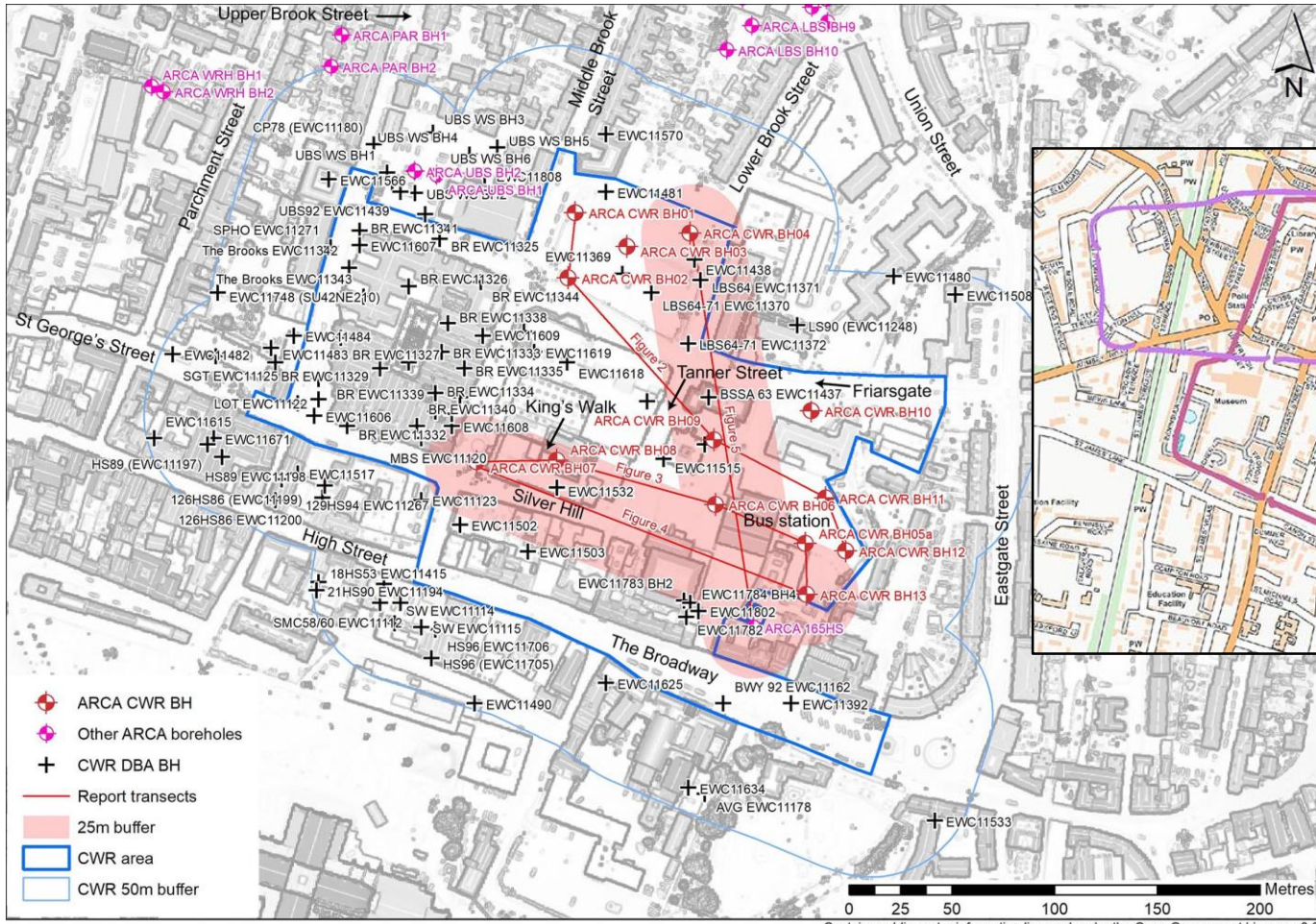




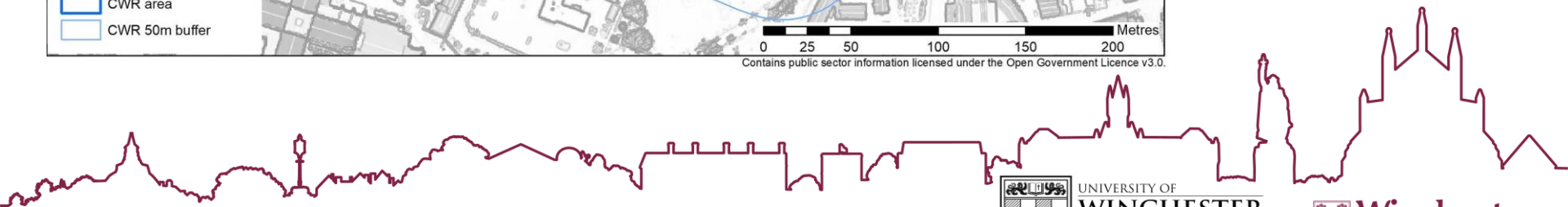
# DESK-BASED RESEARCH: SUMMER 2020



# FIELDWORK: AUGUST–SEPTEMBER 2020



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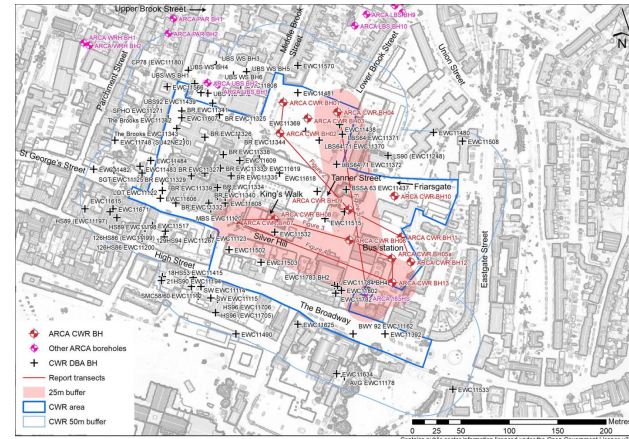
# FIELDWORK: AUGUST–SEPTEMBER 2020



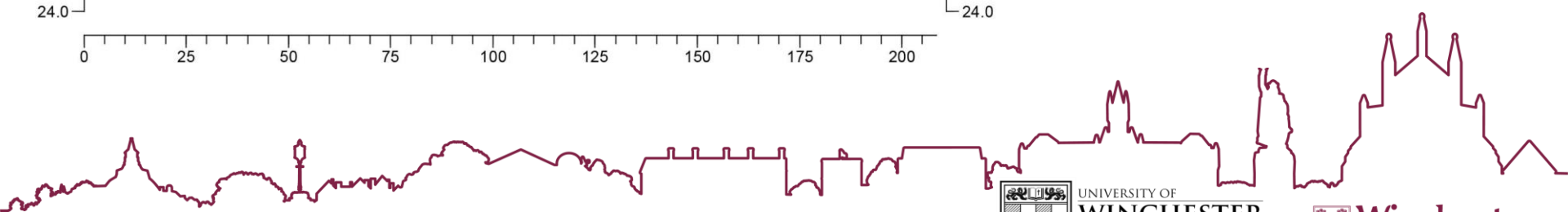
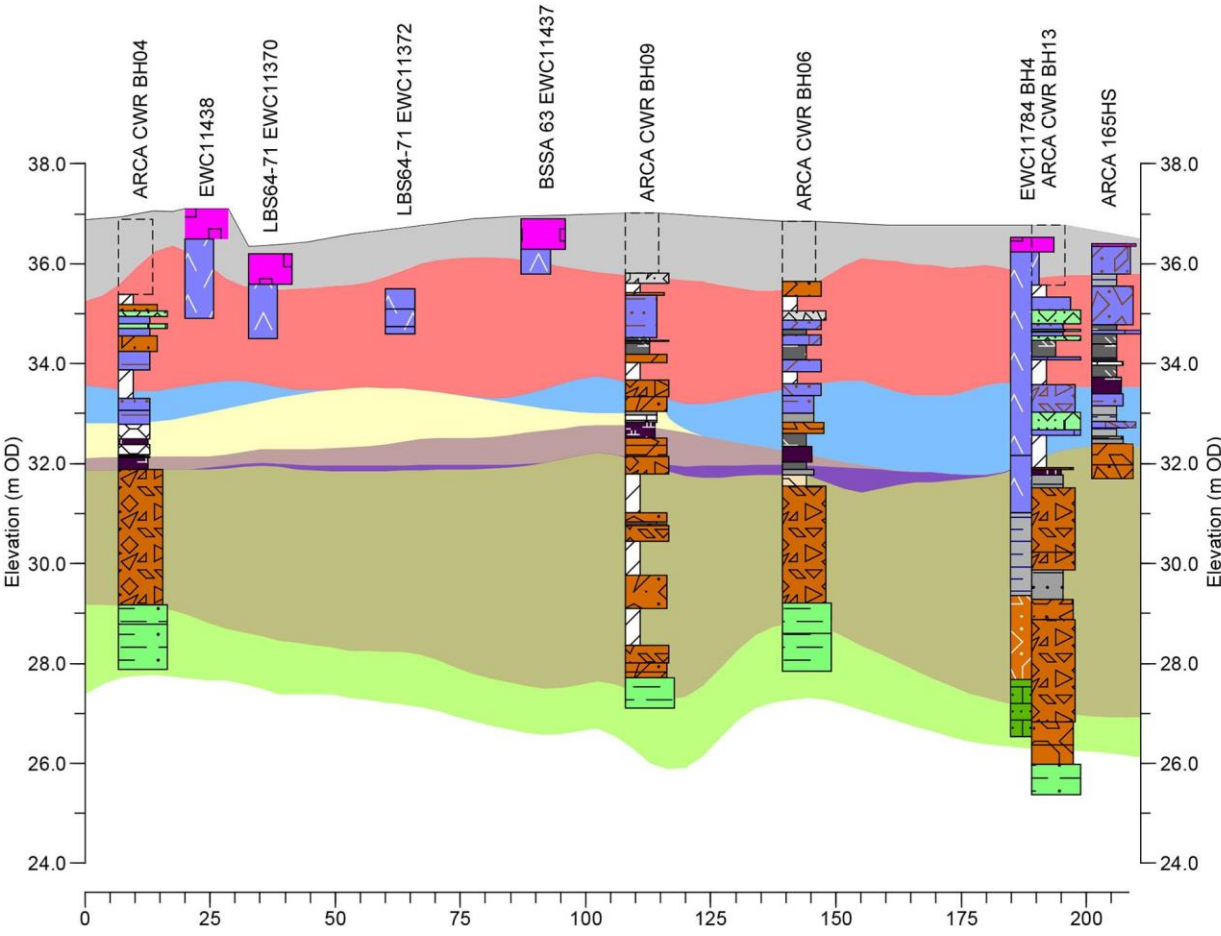
# LABORATORY EXAMINATION: SEPTEMBER 2020–MARCH 2021



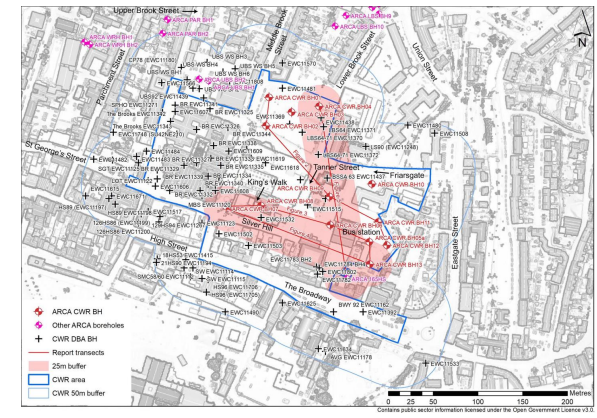
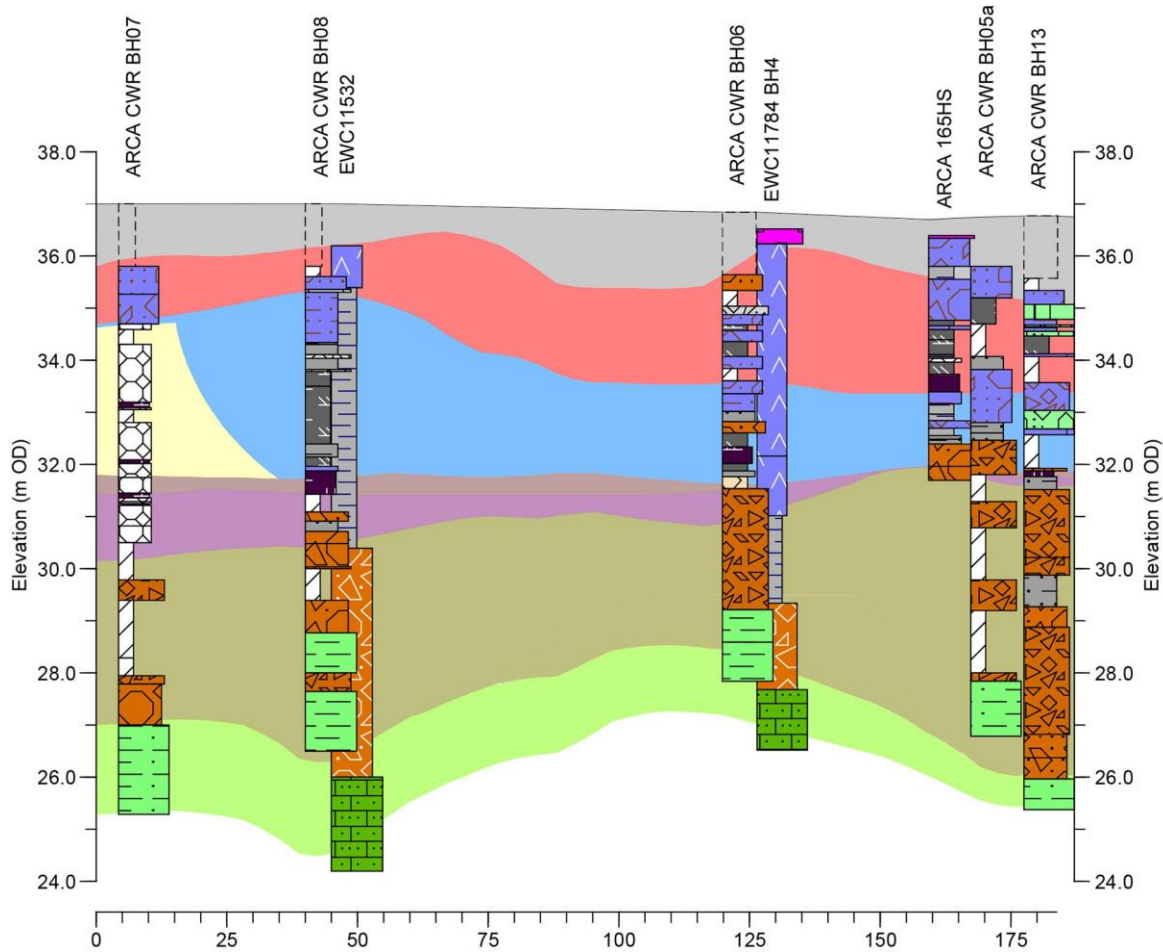
# RESULTS: STRATIGRAPHY



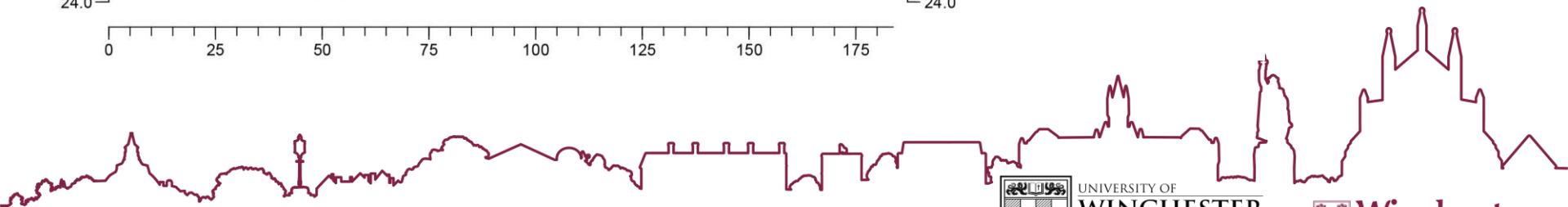
- Archaeological test pit
- SU-6: Overburden
- SU-5: Archaeological deposits
- SU-4d: Alluvium 2
- SU-4c: Tufa
- SU-4b: Peat
- SU-4a: Alluvium 1
- SU-3: Sands and gravels
- SU-1: Chalk



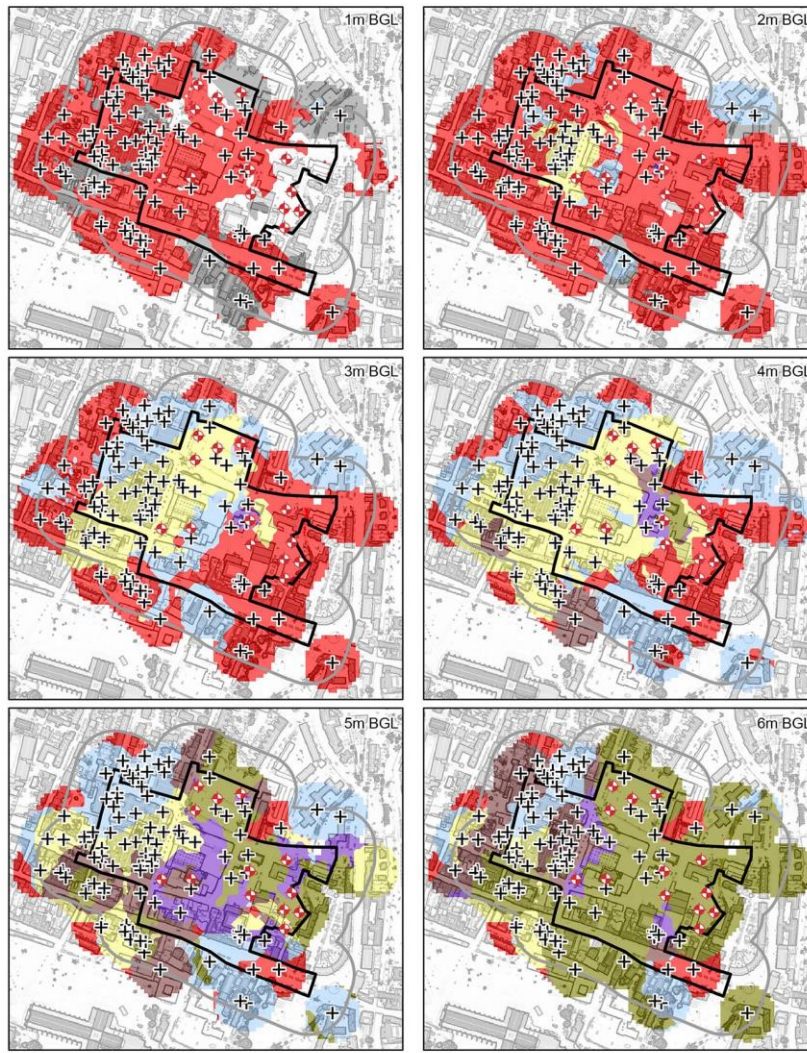
# RESULTS: STRATIGRAPHY



- Archaeological test pit / geotechnical inspection pit (dashed box)
- SU-6: Overburden
- SU-5: Archaeological deposits
- SU-4a: Alluvium 2
- SU-4c: Tufa
- SU-4b: Peat
- SU-4a: Alluvium 1
- SU-3: Sands and gravels
- SU-1: Chalk



# RESULTS: STRATIGRAPHY



SU3: Sands and gravels	SU4d: Alluvium 2	ARCA CWR BH
SU4a: Alluvium 1	SU5: Archaeological deposits	CWR DBA BH
SU4b: Peat	SU6: Made Ground	CWR area
SU4c: Tufa		CWR 50m buffer

**ARCA**

N  
 0 50 100 150 200 Metres



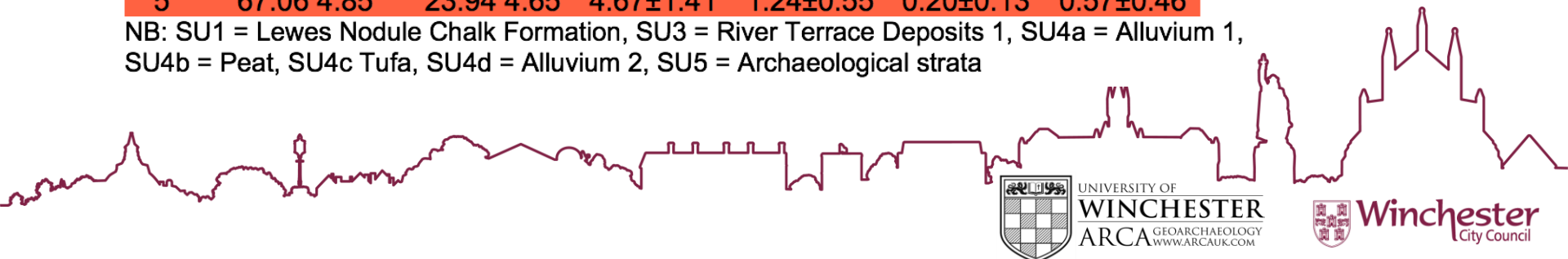
# RESULTS: SEDIMENTOLOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY

SU	Samples	Moisture (%)	$\chi_{red}^{lf}$ SI units $\times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1}$	LOI 550 (%)	pH
1	12	16.46±2.04	0.91±0.74	1.62±0.69	9.36±0.13
3	7	17.05±8.52	32.51±56.40	4.76±5.93	8.70±0.72
4a	8	26.64±6.42	26.36±32.67	6.84±3.73	8.90±0.18
4b	24	60.83±14.82	3.01±6.81	48.17±30.45	8.54±0.37
4c	25	49.571±1.54	0.90±1.51	11.79±10.68	8.77±0.31
4d	47	37.89±11.44	35.56±80.98	13.38±17.33	8.82±0.27
5	67	41.45±12.13	73.48±134.81	14.53±9.73	8.64±0.23

NB: SU1 = Lewes Nodule Chalk Formation, SU3 = River Terrace Deposits 1, SU4a = Alluvium 1, SU4b = Peat, SU4c Tufa, SU4d = Alluvium 2, SU5 = Archaeological strata

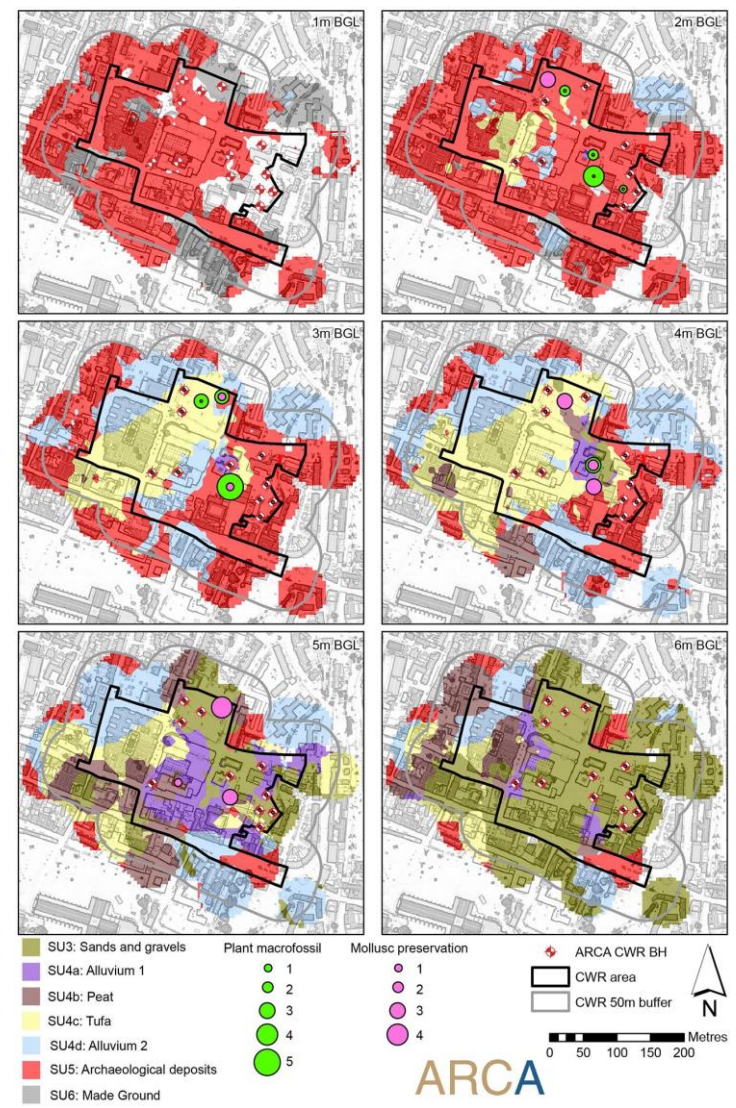
SU	Bal. (%)	Ca (%)	Si (%)	Fe (%)	K (%)	P (%)
1	59.76±1.61	36.70±1.91	2.02±0.64	0.40±0.17	0.27±0.07	0.14±0.06
3	68.90±4.29	21.27±9.39	7.26±5.21	1.09±0.55	0.41±0.28	0.18±0.06
4a	68.08±4.03	21.51±8.14	6.89±3.34	1.19±0.60	0.75±0.40	0.31±0.21
4b	80.04±11.55	14.02±13.77	3.19±4.84	1.09±0.77	0.29±0.36	0.16±0.04
4c	61.65 4.75	36.71 4.91	0.55±0.77	0.47±0.87	0.08±0.07	0.20±0.16
4d	65.74 6.07	27.54 7.83	4.06±2.65	0.93±0.51	0.39±0.23	0.36±0.36
5	67.06 4.85	23.94 4.65	4.67±1.41	1.24±0.55	0.20±0.13	0.57±0.46

NB: SU1 = Lewes Nodule Chalk Formation, SU3 = River Terrace Deposits 1, SU4a = Alluvium 1, SU4b = Peat, SU4c Tufa, SU4d = Alluvium 2, SU5 = Archaeological strata





# BIOLOGICAL PRESERVATION



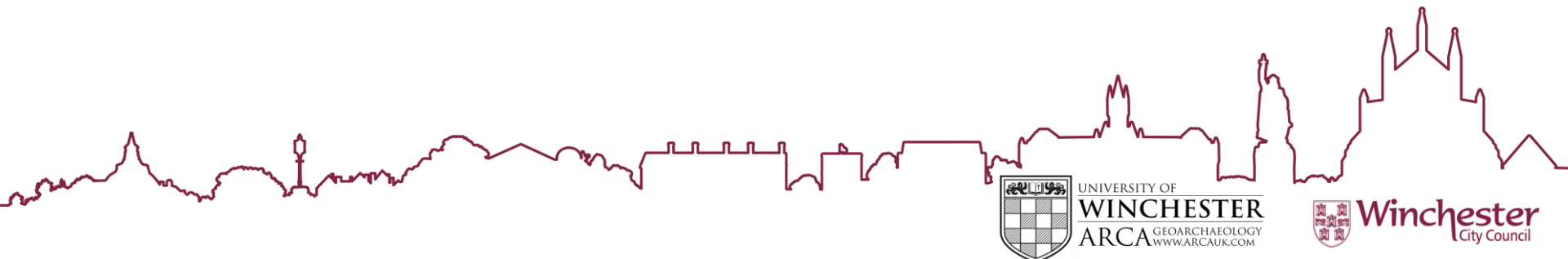
# CONCLUSIONS

- Western part of the site contained the Itchen channel in the Early and/or Middle Holocene;
- The site coincided with the channel and floodplain of the Itchen in the Late Holocene;
- Flooding of the CWR continued to occur after the foundation of Venta Belgarum;
- Archaeological deposits formed from the Roman period onwards. They are thickest on the east of the site;
- Biological preservation is good throughout the archaeological deposits.

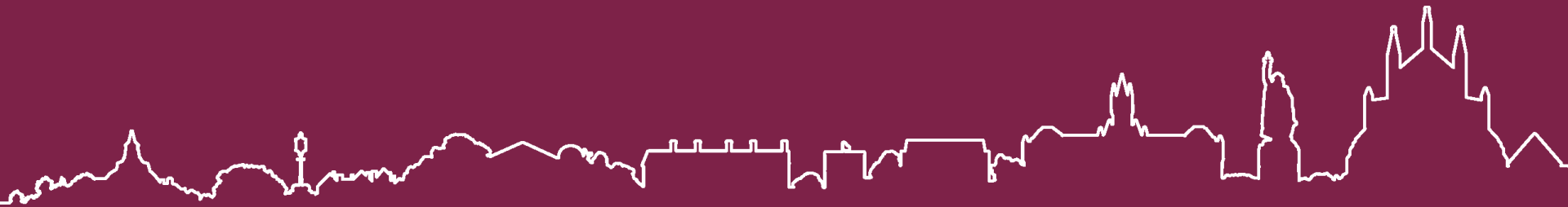


# NEXT STEPS

- Final Stage 1 hydrological measurements collected on 29 September;
- Final Stage 1 geoarchaeology report due later in the autumn (integrating hydrology, stratigraphy, biology and archaeology as evidenced in the boreholes);
- Possibility of Stage 2 hydrological and geoarchaeological study.



# Q&A



Close

